

The Times Dispatch

THE TIMES DISPATCH FOUNDED 1886.
THIS DISPATCH FOUNDED 1880.

WHOLE NUMBER 17,389.

RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1907.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

COUNCIL TO CHECK SO-CALLED GRAFT

An Ordinance to Prohibit Members From Accepting Subcontracts.

BEING DRAWN BY POLLARD

Evasion of Spirit of Law to Be Stopped by Another Method. Want Court to Pass on City Attorney's Opinion—Reed May Lose Seat on Board.

Satisfied that the Virginia law was intended to mean more than the construction placed upon it by the City Attorney, that officer was requested yesterday by a member of the Common Council to prepare an ordinance which shall prohibit any member of either branch from accepting a contract or subcontract from the city government. Not stopping there, it will be so framed that it will include every man in any way connected with the municipality, taking in members of committees who are not in the city's legislative department.

In view of the revelations, and with the strong demand from the citizens of Richmond for the elimination of a system regarded by many as an evasion of the spirit of the law, the Council can hardly put itself on record without unanimously voting for the adoption of an ordinance of that character.

Goes to Next Meeting.
The graft system, so called, can be weeded out by the passage of this law by the Council. City Attorney Pollard will prepare it in accordance with the wishes of a Councilman, and it will be formally presented at the next regular meeting. Meanwhile, the advocates of clean government still have in mind the bill, which will go to the General Assembly in January, amending the old law so that it will apply to all subcontracts. This ordinance is looked upon as the best solution. Some wonder has been expressed that it had not been passed long ago, but it is certainly offered. "I shall certainly offer it," said the member, "and I will have it drawn by the City Attorney so that it will be perfectly clear this time."

In the discussion of the section of the Virginia Code dealing with municipal contracts, the opinion came from high quarters yesterday that if an Alderman should be caught in the act of accepting a contract from the city he could not be tried by the court. The matter would be investigated in the Council, and the only punishment which could be inflicted on the Alderman would be a refusal to let him do the work so performed. Whether or not this is the law must be judicially explained, and in this connection there is an urgent plea to have the courts pass upon the merits of City Attorney Pollard's ruling. This matter would make clear the points in dispute.

Ired May Lose His Seat.
Long ago The Times-Dispatch called attention to the fact that Police Commissioner W. T. Reed, who represented Clay Ward, was living in Lee Ward. The same statement was made in connection with Commissioner Thomas Whitely, representative of Monroe Ward, who resided in Lee. Mr. Whitely subsequently resigned. Mr. Reed, however, representing Clay, resided in the same high-class building as Commissioner Landenk. It was announced yesterday by a member of the Common Council that at the next meeting he would introduce a resolution reporting this irregularity, and asking whether or not Mr. Reed should be removed from the board. There was a difference of opinion as to who should take hold of this situation, and as doubt exists it will be put squarely before the Council.

DID NOT INDICT OLIVER

Charge of Paying Poll Taxes of Voters Not Established.

Times-Dispatch Bureau.
Munsey Building, Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.
The grand jury of Fairfax county to-day refused to indict Walter Oliver, charged with having paid poll taxes of voters in the recent successful contest for the Democratic nomination to the Legislature from Fairfax.

Judge J. B. Flinn, chairman of the jury to investigate the case thoroughly and read the Barksdale pure election law (so-called), under which it was sought to bring Oliver into the case. The jury examined between thirty and forty witnesses, and after a long consideration of the case it was decided that the charge would not lie. The jury was composed of eight men; three voted for Oliver, in the recent primary. The other five voted against him, or were Republicans and did not vote at all. It is stated that this is the first attempt to secure an indictment under the Barksdale law.

WHIPPING POST REVIVED

First Chain Gang Ever Seen in Woodstock Is at Work.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WINCHESTER, VA., September 20.—During an interview to-day with Judge Thomas W. Harrison, of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit, it was learned that the whipping post had been revived in Woodstock, the seat of Shenandoah county, and the first chain gang ever seen at work. The members of it were Winchester prisoners, who were removed during the remodeling of the jail here, and were given forty lashes across his bare back for refusing to join the chain gang, and placed on bread and water diet. He has since gone to work.

VIOLATES LOCAL OPTION LAW

Chance Fined \$200, His Clerk \$50 and His Wife \$25.

IRVINGTON, VA., September 20.—H. Chance, of Vienna, was fined \$200 yesterday in Lancaster county for violation of the local option law. This case was conducted by the Commonwealth under the provision of the local law, in which search was made of the premises at the time of the arrest. A motion now before the court seeks to reimburse the liquor and salaried salaried place as a nuisance, closing it. Edward Simmons, clerk for Chance, was also fined \$50 for violation of the local option law.

FANATICS MURDER WOMAN BY TORTURE

Shocking Story of Brutal Killing of Rheumatic by Parhamites.

TRY TO EXORCISE EVIL SPIRITS

Four Persons, Believing Helpless Woman Possessed of Devils, Break Her Bones With Fiendish Cruelty to Exorcise Demoniac Spirits.

CHICAGO, ILL., September 20.—Five people, members of the sect of Parhamites, are under arrest in Zion City, accused of torturing to death Mrs. Letitia Greenhaugh, sixty-four years old, to show their belief in the religion they profess.

The people under arrest are Walter and Jennie Greenhaugh, the son and daughter of the woman; Harold Mitchell, Mrs. Harold Mitchell and a Mrs. Smith. All of them are accused of manslaughter. Mrs. Greenhaugh had been for twenty years an invalid, suffering from paralysis and rheumatism. The sect of Parhamites was founded a year ago by Charles F. Parham and numbers about 200. The members of the sect originally belonged to Dow's church, and believe in the gift of tongues, and especially in diabolical possession of the body by evil spirits. The condition of Mrs. Greenhaugh convinced her son and daughter and the three persons arrested with them, that she must be possessed of the devil, and they determined to exorcise the evil spirit. The five knelt by the bedside, and after prayer, commenced their work.

The arms of Mrs. Greenhaugh, stiffened by rheumatism, were jerked and twisted about in order that the devil might be driven out. Mrs. Greenhaugh died Wednesday noon, but it was thirty-six hours later that the circumstances under which she died were learned.

Are Held For Manslaughter.
Chief of Police Walker, of Zion City, at once ordered an investigation, and at the corner of Lake county was advised. Deputy Coroner Conrad reached Zion City last night and at once impounded a jury and called witnesses.

The inquest proceeded far enough to warrant the holding of Walter and Jennie Greenhaugh, son and daughter of the woman, and the other three persons on a manslaughter charge. Greenhaugh and his sister were taken into custody, and the other three persons on a manslaughter charge. Greenhaugh and his sister were taken into custody, and the other three persons on a manslaughter charge.

The head of the Greenhaugh family, a widower, and his wife and Mrs. Smith were arrested soon afterwards. The head of the Greenhaugh family, a widower, and his wife and Mrs. Smith were arrested soon afterwards. The head of the Greenhaugh family, a widower, and his wife and Mrs. Smith were arrested soon afterwards.

Said Woman Was Asleep.
Greenhaugh sobbed as he told the story. After more of the torture, Greenhaugh said Mitchell told him to pray, and that his mother was sleeping. "My father was not allowed in the room during the treatment," Greenhaugh said. "Mrs. Mitchell told him that my mother was sleeping, and that she would eat supper with us that night. Mitchell said to appear, and my father became worried and wanted to go to the room, but this was not allowed. In the end, I confessed all to my mother. We watched the greater part of the night for signs of returning life, but none came."

Mitchell and Greenhaugh were laborers, employed by Lake Forest University. The men were neighbors and close friends. When the husband and son realized that Mrs. Greenhaugh was dead, they turned over to the undertaker and embalmed for burial. Later the cause of death came to the surface.

NOT KILLED BY BURGLAR

Coroner's Jury Says Some One in House Killed the Banker.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, September 20.—The coroner's jury, which was called out by John J. Phillips, banker and broker, who it is alleged, was shot and killed at his home by a burglar on September 20, has returned no verdict. The coroner's jury, which was called out by John J. Phillips, banker and broker, who it is alleged, was shot and killed at his home by a burglar on September 20, has returned no verdict.

Many Go to Penitentiary.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
ONANCOCK, VA., September 20.—Judge Blackstone has adjourned court, which has been in session over two weeks. During the time seven negroes were sentenced to the penitentiary for breaking into the store of Mr. M. C. Chick and the store of Mr. M. C. Chick and the store of Mr. M. C. Chick.

VISITING KNIGHTS TEMPLARS ASSEMBLED AT LAKESIDE



PITTSBURG KNIGHTS HAVE A GREAT TIME

Members of Visiting Commandery See the City and Enjoy Luncheon at Lakeside.

FINE BANQUET AT TEMPLE
Will Take Carriage Drive To-Day, and Leave To-Night. Thank Local Commandery.

One continuous round of pleasure was the portion yesterday of the members of the visiting commandery, No. 1, Knights Templars, now the guests of the local commandery, No. 13, of Richmond. The climax came with a great banquet at the Masonic Temple last night. The occasion proved the crowning feature for the local and visiting knights, and it was far into the morning when the guests departed. The banquet was held at the Masonic Temple, and it was far into the morning when the guests departed.

C. & O. TO RESUME ALL WORK
President Stevens So Announces, in An Optimistic Statement.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CINCINNATI, O., September 20.—George W. Stevens, president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, is not much of a calamity howler. Mr. Stevens said that his company had resumed operations which had been canceled during the strike.

NOTABLE TRIPLE WEDDING
Three Brothers in Wed. Three of Their English Countrywomen.
NEW YORK, September 20.—William, Herbert and Reuben Johnson, brothers, living at No. 444 Fisher Avenue, New Durham, North Bergen, will be married at the First Baptist Church, Union Hill, to-morrow afternoon to their English sweethearts, who came to this country two weeks ago. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. J. Franklin Shindell, and the oldest brother, William, will lead his bride to the altar.

INDICT DISPENSARY MANAGERS
Charged With Violating Election Law.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
FARMVILLE, VA., September 20.—At the term of the Circuit Court of Prince Edward county, yesterday, the grand jury indicted the managers of the Farmville dispensary board and the salesmen were indicted for violating the election law.

GRANTS TEMPORARY INJUNCTION
ST. PAUL, MINN., September 20.—Judge Leach, in an opinion delivered this afternoon, granted a temporary injunction against the State with the provision that the rates now being enforced—two-cent passenger fare and reduced freight rates—shall stand until a hearing on the merits of the case may be had.

GRAND JURY SAYS SOME ONE IN HOUSE KILLED THE BANKER.
The coroner's jury, which was called out by John J. Phillips, banker and broker, who it is alleged, was shot and killed at his home by a burglar on September 20, has returned no verdict.

NOT KILLED BY BURGLAR.
The coroner's jury, which was called out by John J. Phillips, banker and broker, who it is alleged, was shot and killed at his home by a burglar on September 20, has returned no verdict.

ROOSEVELT TO ROUGH IT

President Will Penetrate Dense Canes, Brakes on His Bear Hunt.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., September 20.
—John M. Parker, who will be one of President Roosevelt's hosts during his camping and hunting expedition in Southern Louisiana next month, arrived here to-day from Mississippi. Holt Collier, a famous Confederate negro scout, freedman and hunter, will act as guide for the President's party. Collier is noted especially as a bear hunter, and was in charge of President Roosevelt's hunting party in Mississippi a few years ago.

Although the itinerary of the expedition is not arranged, it is known that the President will be offered opportunities to hunt in Louisiana cane-brakes, where, as far as known, no human being has ever made a permanent habitation, and where the hunt is in some respects, is quite out of the ordinary. The cane grows to a height of ten to fifteen feet, and at this time of the year is blown into long wind rows, leaving some open alleys between. It is necessary to cut a double-edged knife for the passage of the dogs. The hunting will probably be done entirely on horseback. In order to proceed quickly through thickets, each hunter will carry a straight blade nearly a foot long and heavy enough to chop a passage through obstructing growths. Trailing vines are the principal obstacle for which the knife is carried. In addition to bear and deer, a few panthers and occasionally wolves are shot in the cane-brakes.

C. & O. TO RESUME ALL WORK

President Stevens So Announces, in An Optimistic Statement.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CINCINNATI, O., September 20.—George W. Stevens, president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, is not much of a calamity howler. Mr. Stevens said that his company had resumed operations which had been canceled during the strike. The strike was called off by the President, and the work of the railroad was resumed.

NOTABLE TRIPLE WEDDING
Three Brothers in Wed. Three of Their English Countrywomen.

INDICT DISPENSARY MANAGERS
Charged With Violating Election Law.

GRANTS TEMPORARY INJUNCTION
ST. PAUL, MINN., September 20.—Judge Leach, in an opinion delivered this afternoon, granted a temporary injunction against the State with the provision that the rates now being enforced—two-cent passenger fare and reduced freight rates—shall stand until a hearing on the merits of the case may be had.

ARMED MEN GUARD PALACE OF THE POPE

Outbreak Feared on Anniversary of Entry of Italian Troops.

ROME, September 20.—Armed men in the service of the Pope have been on guard all day long at the entrances of the Apostolic Palace, and the Vatican has been under the special protection of a detachment of royal troops; but there has been no active outbreak of anticlerical sentiment, and September 20th, the thirty-seventh anniversary of the occupation of Rome by Italian troops and the fall of the temporal power of the papacy, has passed without the fulfillment of any of the fears entertained by the Vatican that the Italian people would today show the deeds of violence their ill feeling against the church.

There were two big parades this afternoon through the streets of the city, and the red shirts of the Garibaldian veterans were conspicuous in the throng. The first parade was official, and composed of the members of fifty local associations. The leaders laid wreaths upon the tombs of Victor Emmanuel II. and King Humbert, and decorated with flowers the tablet at the Porta Pia, which commemorates the entry of the Italian troops in 1870. The other parade was popular and official. It marched past the capitol carrying banners inscribed with anti-clerical sentiments. Returning the crowd raised a red flag over the equestrian statue of Marcus Aurelius.

During the day the police seized a number of anti-clerical proclamations, and the walls of the city were plastered with appeals to the people to complete the anti-clerical victory at the coming municipal elections. **HOLD INQUIRY IN SECRET**
Coroner's Jury Further Investigates Murder of Mrs. Rorschach.
(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NORFOLK, VA., September 20.—The coroner's jury engaged in investigating the murder of Mrs. Mary Lawrence Rorschach, wife of Lieutenant Frank Rorschach, U. S. N., who was shot in her home by some unknown person early in the morning of Tuesday, September 10th, held another session to-night and adjourned to meet again next Friday.

It is not known what new evidence may have been unearthed at the hearing, as all witnesses were examined behind closed doors and bound over to secrecy. Commonwealth's Attorney Richard C. Marshall, who is directing the investigation, thought that the ends of justice might be defeated by the publicity of the case. He said that the purpose of the hearing was to get the facts of the case into the public mind. Mr. Stevens left late last night for the East.

NOTABLE TRIPLE WEDDING
Three Brothers in Wed. Three of Their English Countrywomen.

INDICT DISPENSARY MANAGERS
Charged With Violating Election Law.

GRANTS TEMPORARY INJUNCTION
ST. PAUL, MINN., September 20.—Judge Leach, in an opinion delivered this afternoon, granted a temporary injunction against the State with the provision that the rates now being enforced—two-cent passenger fare and reduced freight rates—shall stand until a hearing on the merits of the case may be had.

TAYLOR NOT LIKELY TO GIVE CONSENT

Believed That He Will Decline to Serve the Exposition as Director-General.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NORFOLK, VA., September 20.—The question of a successor to James M. Barr as director-general of the Jamestown Exposition seems to be far from settled to-day. It is declared very improbable that Colonel Walter H. Taylor, president of the Marine Bank, will consent to let his name go before the board of directors for election, when the directors meet on Tuesday. And it was even said by a big man close to the directorate that it is not certain that Mr. Barr's resignation will be accepted. That, however, is improbable.

One who now has strong support for the director-generalship is Lieutenant Governor J. Taylor Eliason. He has everything to recommend him for the place. As governor, and later director of the department of history and education at the exposition, he has been a conspicuous success.

No other department of the exposition has reached the degree of perfection as has his. And this success was not achieved without overcoming great obstacles—obstacles which few people know anything about. No one has worked harder or more consistently or intelligently for the success of the exposition than he has. His personal fortune was pledged that the department of history and education might not suffer for the lack of money. Scholars and historians say that the department of history and education at Jamestown embodies far the best exhibit of American history ever collected. Aside from the fact that the department has proven himself diplomatic, and it is certain that he would possess the confidence of the government and business interests. Something also in his favor is his thorough knowledge of the exposition. The sentiment for making him director-general grows.

Sizes Ask Representation.
At a meeting held to-night in the Rhode Island Building the Tercentennial State Commissioners' Association named a committee to wait on the position board of directors Tuesday and ask for representation in the governing body of the tercentennial. The directors will also be asked to give the United States its share in the representation. The idea is that with new blood in the family the present internal strife in the exposition family can be more easily smoothed over, all litigation removed, and things prevented from going further in the wrong direction.

The State commissioners contend that they represent an investment of \$1,500,000 by twenty-five States; that government is interested to the amount of nearly three millions, or in the aggregate of 75 per cent. of the value of the entire exposition, and should be accorded this representation.

Tuesday's meeting is composed of Colonel J. P. Glynn, Ohio; Judge Blodgett, Rhode Island; Colonel Hinchey, North Carolina; Colonel J. W. Baughman, Maryland; Stuart R. Bolin, Ohio, and Thomas W. Dunn, New York.

LAWYERS FIGHT IN COURT
Colonel Harris Resents Institution of P. Atkins, Pastor of West End Baptist Church, and Mr. George M. Smith, who took up the situation in Atlanta, and told of the better conditions which had prevailed in communities where the saloon was driven out.

GRANTS TEMPORARY INJUNCTION
ST. PAUL, MINN., September 20.—Judge Leach, in an opinion delivered this afternoon, granted a temporary injunction against the State with the provision that the rates now being enforced—two-cent passenger fare and reduced freight rates—shall stand until a hearing on the merits of the case may be had.

NOT KILLED BY BURGLAR.
The coroner's jury, which was called out by John J. Phillips, banker and broker, who it is alleged, was shot and killed at his home by a burglar on September 20, has returned no verdict.

UMLAUF, DEFEATED, SAYS LOCAL OPTION

Warns Members of Council That Temperance Forces Will Combine.

COMMITTEE FOR DABNEY MEASURE

Limits Saloons to 150, Not Including Hotels, and Fixes License at \$500—Great Crowd Present, and Several Ministers Speak.

Features of Session

Umlauf liquor ordinance, limiting number of saloons to 112, including hotels, defeated by vote of 5 to 4 as follows:
For—Hudson Carty, T. H. Elliot, C. D. Larus, Jacob Umlauf—4.
Against—W. T. Dabney, C. P. Dabney, John J. White, William L. White, John J. Lynch—5.

Committee's substitute plan, limiting saloons to 150, not including hotels, and fixing license at \$500, adopted.
Statement by Councilman Umlauf that if Council defeats his ordinance local option election will be held.

By a vote of 5 to 4, the Committee on Ordinance, Charter and Reform last night defeated the Umlauf liquor ordinance, and adopted its own substitute, providing for a license of \$500, and more than 150 saloons in the city of Richmond, hotels excluded, fixing the license at \$500, and driving all liquor establishments from the residential sections. The City Court must define this latter clause.

Perhaps the most striking fact which came out at the meeting was the statement of Mr. Umlauf that unless his plan is adopted, the Council, the temperance prohibition and anti-saloon elements will combine and demand local option.

Great Crowd in Chamber.
There was not standing room in the Council chamber for the crowd that appeared, the great majority of those attending being temperance people. About seventy-five women were present. Liquor dealers were there, too, but they did not speak when the opportunity was offered. Mr. Umlauf, master of ceremonies, presided over the session, and after much discussion thirty minutes was set aside for that purpose. Five ministers and three citizens spoke briefly. The suggestion was made that they be heard. Mr. White objected, contending that at a recent meeting, after due notice, only one or two appeared to urge the passage of the Umlauf law. Mr. Umlauf, taking the matter up, he did not think the time of the committee should be consumed again.

"I am amazed at Mr. White," said Mr. Elliot, "there was a thundering burst of applause from the crowd in the chamber where the liquor folk were not congregated, but Acting Chairman Dabney checked it with the admonition that if there was repetition of such a scene, the committee would be forced to adjourn." Mr. Lynch said that the public had been invited before, and that if no persons appeared it was their fault. The committee refused to give any more notice, but voted for a thirty-minute hearing.

Misdeeds Pleading For It.
With the statement that he represented a Methodist constituency of 8,000, Rev. Dr. William J. Young, pastor of Centenary Church, warmly supported Mr. Umlauf's ordinance. The temperance forces, he said, were for temperance. He declared that saloons were harmful, and that there should be destruction or restriction.

He cited a case, which recently happened here, where a man failed to secure employment because he frequented saloons. "If I were a liquor dealer," he said, "I would certainly favor this Methodist movement."

Rev. Dr. Dabney, of St. James Methodist Church, made an earnest plea for the passage of the ordinance. He said that above all things it would protect working girls, women and the home. He said that the saloons were not to be thrown in contact with saloons nearby and their element. "Every saloon," he said, "means many crimes. My work is for the uplifting of working girls. They will be safe when the liquor is removed. For my part, I wish we could close all the bars."

"I thought well of this committee's substitute plan at first," said Rev. H. P. Atkins, pastor of West End Baptist Church, "but I think more of Mr. Umlauf's. 'One bar for 1,000 of population means one bar for 400 citizens.' Mr. Atkins referred to the new Georgia law, saying that the saloon of the liquor problem in the South by prohibition or temperance was the solution of the racial problem.

Strongly Urge Restriction.
Mr. Thomas Polindexter urged restriction. Representing the vestry of Christ Church he submitted a resolution asking for the Umlauf ordinance. Mr. Polindexter told of the harm which came to boys from saloons, and wanted the latter out of the residential section.

Mr. W. Sweeney, representing the labor element, spoke next. He said that liquor had lowered the standard of the working man, and asked for legislation which would restrict. P. Atkins, pastor of West End Baptist Church, and Mr. George M. Smith, who took up the situation in Atlanta, and told of the better conditions which had prevailed in communities where the saloon was driven out. When the liquor people were not disposed to speak, Mr. White, of the committee, took the floor and opposed the ordinance. Reverting to the divine question, he said they could be eliminated if the police made the proper effort. He thought the \$1,000 license was class legislation. "They tell us about the good effects of prohibition," said Mr. White, "but last year eleven million more saloons of liquor were drunk than in the preceding year."

"This or Local Option."
Mr. Umlauf answered some of Mr. White's arguments. "I'm here for restriction," he said, "but the ordinance fails and the other is adopted."